

PATRIOTISM above individualism should be considered first by contemplated strikers.

HOME EDITION

TOPEKA, KANSAS, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11, 1918—EIGHT PAGES

WEATHER FORECAST for Kansas: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Colder Tuesday and in west and north tonight.

THREE CENTS

AMERICAN WEEKLY

WILSON SHOWS UP DECEIT OF HUN WAR AIMS

In Address to Congress President Replies to Chancellor.

All but Germany Acknowledge Rights of Peoples Involved.

NO MORE SHREDS AND PATCHES

World Peace Big Stakes for Which America Fights.

People Cannot Be Handed About by Rival Antagonists.

JUST GETTING INTO FIGHT

Whole Strength Will Be Put Into War of Emancipation.

Wilson Outlines Foundation for Continuing Negotiations.

HUN REPLY EVADES ISSUES

President Unmasks Militarist Aims of German Rulers.

Sees in Austria's Reply Readiness To Reach Agreement.

[President Wilson's speech in full appears on page 3 of this edition of the State Journal.]

Washington, Feb. 11.—President Wilson, appearing unexpectedly before congress again today replied to the recent speeches by Count von Hertling, the German chancellor, and Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister by reminding the statesmen of the central empires that peace can be discussed only on the basis of permanent and essential justice and broadly warning the people of the central empires that the participation of the United States in the war for the emancipation of humanity only has begun.

Plainly the president warned the German military autocracy that there was to be no pausing in the mobilization of America's vast military resources now steadily on their way to the battle fronts, and that if peace were to be declared it would have to be on a basis of sincerity.

By Force of Arms If Necessary. Otherwise, the president made it plain, there was to be no turning back until military autonomy was crushed by force of arms.

Count Czernin's speech the president openly regarded sympathetically, but he considered the Austrian foreign minister restrained by the embarrassment of Austria's alliance and her dependence on Germany.

"Count Czernin," said the president, "seems to see the fundamental elements of peace with clear eyes and does not seem to obscure them."

Chancellor Hertling's speech, however, the president characterized as "very vague and confusing," and "full of equivocal phrases," leading nowhere clearly.

The aim of the German chancellor, as judged from his speech, the president thought, evidently was to secure a peace advantageous to the aims of the German military autocracy and then subscribe to an international covenant to make it secure.

Chancellor Doesn't Grasp Situation. Count Hertling, the president declared, evidently was seeking such a peace as was made at the congress of Vienna.

"What is at stake now," says the president, "is the peace of the world. What we are striving for is a new international order based upon broad and universal principles of right and justice—no mere peace of shreds and patches. It is possible that Count von Hertling is in fact living in his thoughts in a world dead and gone."

He outlined four principles as basis for continuing the close American participation in this war and the peace that follows:

"A general peace erected on such foundations could be discussed. Until such a peace can be secured we have no choice but to go on."

In conclusion the president warned the central empires that the vast resources of the United States would be

PRESIDENT LAYS DOWN THE COURSE FOR FUTURE NEGOTIATIONS ON PEACE

Washington.—The president laid down the course for future negotiations between belligerents today in his address to congress, as follows:

First.—That each part of the final settlement must be based upon the essential justice of that particular case and upon such adjustments as are most likely to bring a peace that will be permanent.

Second.—That peoples and provinces are not to be bartered about from sovereignty to sovereignty, as if they were mere chattels and pawns in a game, even the great game, now forever discredited, of the balance of power, but that

Third.—Every territorial settlement involved in this war must be made in the interest and for the benefit of the populations concerned, and not as a part of any mere adjustment or compromise of claims amongst rival states; and

Fourth.—That all well defined national aspirations shall be accorded the utmost satisfaction that can be accorded them without introducing new or perpetuating old elements of discord and antagonism that would be likely in time to break the peace of Europe and consequently of the world.

A general peace erected upon such foundations can be discussed.

completing in the end what might be accomplished by peaceful negotiation.

Into War of Emancipation. "Our resources are in part mobilized now," said he, "and we shall not pause until they are mobilized in their entirety. Our armies are rapidly going to the fighting front and will go more and more rapidly. Our whole strength will be put into the war of emancipation from the three and attempted mastery of selfish groups of autocratic rulers—whatever the difficulties may be, and we are indomitable in our power of independent action and can in no circumstances consent to live in a world governed by intriguers and tyrants."

"The power of the United States is a menace to no power or nation. It will never be used in aggression or for the aggrandizement of any selfish interest of our own. It springs out of freedom and is for the service of freedom."

The president was interrupted by applause at every reference to the United States standing steadfastly against peace. The greatest applause broke out when the president declared that the military of Germany were the only elements of permanent and essential justice and broadly warning the people of the central empires that the participation of the United States in the war for the emancipation of humanity only has begun.

The office here of the committee on public information today prepared to give world wide circulation to President Wilson's address on international affairs before congress. This will be done thru the same agencies as were used in distributing the president's address on January 8 and his address urging a declaration of war on Austria-Hungary, December 6.

Following the custom inaugurated with addresses of this kind, President Wilson's words today will be cabled by radio to all the principal capitals of the world. In this way the government hopes to get his answer to Hertling and Czernin and to the German people, and to the German people, and to the German people.

Approval of President Wilson's address was expressed by many members of both houses who thought it opportune and the essence of a permanent peace.

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RUSSIA ASSERTS WAR WITH HUNS OVER AT AN END

Declares War Off and Demobilizes All Troops.

But Refuses To Sign Separate Peace With Teutons.

THOWS OPEN ALL FRONTS

Announcement Originated at Brest-Litovsk Conference.

Treaty With Ukraine Includes Galicia to Slav Republic.

Amsterdam, Feb. 11.—Russia has declared the state of war to be at an end and has ordered the demobilization of Russian forces on all fronts, according to a dispatch received here today dated Brest-Litovsk on Sunday.

The dispatch follows: "The president of the Russian delegation at today's (Sunday) sitting, stated that while Russia was existing from signing a formal peace treaty, it declared the state of war to be ended with Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria simultaneously giving orders for complete demobilization of Russian forces on all fronts."

Russia steps formally out of the war by act of the Bolshevik government which seized the reins of power in Petrograd last November and almost immediately began peace negotiations with the central powers. Authority of this government seems virtually unquestioned at present in northern Russia, and the Teutonic powers have already assured the cessation of even nominal hostilities along years, and this war would have been fought in vain.

No Thought of Peace Now. "He who proposes peace now, therefore, either does not see the stakes or which the allies are fighting or wishes the German military autocracy still to control the destinies of all of us as to peace or war. Those who propose peace now are not proposing peace with might and main, but a peace of compromise, a peace of surrender, a peace of defeat."

Altho cutting little figure in the war for nearly a year Russia's great, indeed vital, part in the conflict comes forcibly to mind as the circumstances leading up to her exit are reviewed. Becoming a belligerent on August 1, 1914, thru Germany's declaration of war upon her troops were soon sweeping thru east Prussia, creating a diversion which hampered the German advance into Poland. The disastrous defeat at Tannenberg, and by winter was hammering again at the German position in Poland. The Russian army, overrunning Austrian territories in Galicia, were at the crest of the invasion of Hungary and threatening an invasion of Hungary.

It took the bulk of the Austrian army and a large proportion of Germany's forces to break Russia's hold on Galicia, drive her out of Poland, and force her armies, under Grand Duke Nicholas, back to the line of which Brest-Litovsk, scene of the recent peace negotiations, formed the keystone.

To Get Rumanian Territory. London, Feb. 11.—Information which is apparently authoritative has been received in Stockholm, according to the Times' correspondent there, that the peace terms agreed to by the Russian government, and the German government, for granting to Ukraine a considerable part of eastern Galicia, whether in reversion or immediate possession is not clear. The Russian government is immediately a large loan to be secured by mineral lands for the developments of which the German government is to be granted to the central powers.

Amsterdam, Feb. 11.—A dispatch (Continued on Page Two.)

HAD CLOSE CALL

Auto Driver Overcome by Gas Early This Morning.

Paper Carrier and Pulmotor Saved His Life.

Quick work on the part of the city pulmotor saved the life of James P. Van Horn, 1928 Kansas avenue, early this morning when Van Horn was overcome with gas while starting his automobile at the Anderson delivery establishment at 217 West Sixth street.

Van Horn had just started the car to go out on an early morning call and was overcome as he attempted to go from the garage into the office to enter his order. A newspaper carrier entered the garage shortly after 6 o'clock and found the body lying on the floor.

The carrier rushed over to the National hotel and the night clerk summoned Dr. A. B. Jeffrey, who called the pulmotor as soon as he arrived. The unconscious young man was taken to the police station and it took the pulmotor just six minutes to revive him. He was then taken to his home.

CONTROL STOCK YARDS

Would Put Them Under Gov't to Protect Army Property.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The senate military affairs committee favorably reported the bill asked for by Secretary Baker, giving control of all stockyards, corrals and other places where animals are kept, to the secretary of agriculture. The purpose of the bill, says the committee, is to protect animals for the army from contagious diseases.

T. R. GETTING BETTER

Condition Continues to Improve, His Physician Announces Today.

New York, Feb. 11.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt's condition continues to improve, it was stated at Roosevelt hospital early today. He passed a comfortable night and his physicians believe that his recovery is merely a matter of time.

BIG JOB AHEAD SAYS TAFT TO FUNSTON BOYS

Ex-President Tells Part America Must Assume.

Peace Now Would Mean Defeat to Allies' Cause.

EACH DEMOCRACY THREATENED

Must Crush Militarism or Go Armed Against It.

That's Meaning of Make World Safe for Democracy.

Fort Riley, Kan., Feb. 11.—The part which Americans must play in the war was discussed here late today by ex-President Taft in the first of a series of addresses which he is to make at training centers in the central department of the army under Y. M. C. A. auspices. Ex-President Taft arrived here from Camp Pike and was escorted at once to his waiting audience of soldiers. He said, in part:

"The war has not been won. Germany is in possession of Belgium and part of northern France. She holds Serbia and Rumania, Poland and the Baltic provinces of Russia. Peace now even tho it be made on the basis of the restoration of the status quo 'without indemnities and without annexations' would be a failure to achieve the great purpose for which the allies have made heartrending sacrifices. Armaments would continue for years, and this war would have been fought in vain."

No Thought of Peace Now. "He who proposes peace now, therefore, either does not see the stakes or which the allies are fighting or wishes the German military autocracy still to control the destinies of all of us as to peace or war. Those who propose peace now are not proposing peace with might and main, but a peace of compromise, a peace of surrender, a peace of defeat."

Fought in Darkness. The full story of how the American patrol fought against death in the trenches, how the wire entanglements were learned today when survivors were able to talk after fumes had departed from their lungs in the dark night.

They told how fourteen Sammies started crawling out thru the dew-sprinkled weeds and grasses between wires at 6 o'clock in the evening and inspected the wire until 8. Then the sergeant leading the patrol whispered cautions the others that the Sammies were near.

All flopped earthward. A moment later the patrol leader whispered the command "all bunch together." They were then to the annual dinner of the Kansas Club.

More Money Here Kansas Bank Accounts Jump 24 Millions in 3 Months.

Deposits in State and National Amounted to \$392,939,799.

Kansas bank accounts jumped \$24,623,936.92 from September to November, according to a combined tabulation of state and national bank reports by W. W. Bowman, secretary of the Kansas Bankers' association. The Bowman report shows deposits in both state and national banks aggregating \$392,939,799.76.

Loans and discounts totaling 284 millions are shown by the report, which outlines the greatest record achieved by the Kansas banks. Surplus and profits are in excess of 25 millions and the legal reserve in both state and national banks is high. The state banks show deposits of \$225,320,795.76, with national bank deposits of \$167,619,000.

Showing of Banks. Here is the showing of both state and national banks for November:

Resources. State. National. Loans and discounts \$171,386,261.88 \$111,020,000.00

Overdrafts 1,039,175.01 405,000.00 Bank deposits 4,767,446.51 3,429,000.00

Other real estate 1,440,288.15 969,000.00 Stocks, bonds and other securities 16,177,376.95 22,629,000.00

State. National. Capital stock \$22,562,500.00 \$12,567,000.00 Undivided profits 4,904,250.21 3,432,000.00

Deposits 225,320,795.76 167,619,000.00 Bills payable 2,150,180.14 1,700,000.00

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TEXAS SAMMY HERO OF BATTLE BETWEEN

Five Americans Killed, Four Captured in Patrol Clash.

Texas Brings Two Wounded Comrades Back to Lines.

DEAD BURIED NEAR CAMP

Cross Labeled 'Killed in Action' Over New Made Graves.

Fleeing Boches Are Caught in Barrage of U. S. Guns.

BY J. W. PEGLER. With the American armies in France, Feb. 19 (Delayed).—A Texas Sammy was the hero of Friday's patrol battle in which five Americans were killed and four captured, it was learned today.

The Texas remained in No Man's Land after the encounter, ministering to wounded comrades. After ten minutes of impromptu first aid work the Texas left a badly wounded comrade in charge of another wounded man, who was trying to staunch the flow of blood from the seriously wounded comrade.

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FRIENDS PAY A FINAL TRIBUTE TO 'MOT' TODAY

Prominent Men From All Over State at Albaugh Funeral.

Home of Dead Political Leader Jammed This Morning.

DEMOCRATS JOIN MOURNERS

Leaders of All Political Parties at the Cemetery.

Family Receives Hundreds of Messages of Condolence.

Men of prominence and power from every section of Kansas were in Topeka this afternoon to pay final tribute to the late Morton Albaugh, clerk of the United States district court. In honor of the memory of the former political leader, the state house closed for an hour during the funeral and Governor Capper, supreme court justices, state officials and department heads attended the funeral. Services, conducted by Dr. Edmund J. Kulp, were held at the First M. E. church at 2:30 o'clock.

All trains into Topeka during the morning and early afternoon brought Albaugh's former associates here for the funeral. Men who in a generation have gone up and down the political ladder with Albaugh state politics came to Topeka to drop a tear and speak kindly of the yesterday's ally. Such men as Chester L. Long, Willis J. Bailey, Del Travis, Orrie Morse, John L. Hays, Judge Pollock and "Doc" Moore—all men who have fought side by side with Albaugh in many hard and bitter campaigns—were here to pay final tribute.

Pollock a Pall Bearer. At the Albaugh home, 1331 Harrison street, scores of men and women came to pay a final word of respect for the department warrior. The body lay in state Sunday and until noon today.

Federal departments closed during the day and Judge John C. Pollock, with whom Albaugh had been intimately associated during the 14 years Judge Pollock has been on the federal bench, was a pall bearer. In the hotel lobby were many men who a week ago had conferred and counseled with Albaugh concerning the coming political campaign when they met for the annual dinner of the Kansas Club.

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OPENING NOTE AT C. O. P. MEETING NOT HARMONIOUS

Perkins Sounds Discord and Fight Is Brewing.

Progressive Leader Makes Open Scrap on Iowa Candidate.

EVERYBODY WANTS HARMONY

Hays of Indiana Chief Opponent of Adams of Iowa.

Gather at St. Louis To Elect a National Chairman.

BY L. C. EARNIST. St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 11.—Development today will determine whether the Republican national committee can choose a chairman peacefully.

Altho the committee does not meet in regular session until tomorrow, its members gathered early today with the Republican advisory and campaign committee in a special meeting called by Chairman William E. Wilson. An attempt was to be made to unite the committeemen upon one of the candidates in order that one name might receive a unanimous vote.